

DATE:

June 13

PDP-11 EAE

TO: Davies Lists A, C and FROM: Roger Cady

Design Rev. Comm.

Proposed first pass at EAE instructions for PDP-11 are attached. This indicates the way in which these would be added within the frame-. work of the basic instruction set.

Summary of	Mnemonics:	Source,	(6bit)	Destination (6bit)
MUL	<b>A</b> ,B			(6bit)
DIV	А,В	<u>\</u>	<u>/</u>	
*ROT+N	R,A			
*ROTB+N	R,A			
*LSH <u>+</u> N	R,A			
*LSHD <u>+</u> N	R,A			
*ASH <u>+</u> N	R,A			
*ASHD <u>+</u> N	R,A			
NOR	R,A,			
NORD	R,A			$\downarrow$

<sup>\*</sup>R field optional. If blank, no index.



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## PROPOSED EAE INSTRUCTIONS FOR PDP-11

EAE will add the arithmetic power of multiply, divide, and a powerful multiple rotate, shift, and normalize group.

The adopted data structure is as follows:

Single Precision

Double Precision

S high 
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 magnitude  $0$  low  $\frac{1}{2}$  magnitude 15 14 0 15 14 0

All double word operands are assumed to be in this form, all double word results are stored in this form.

(PC)+n→PC
operands are considered to be
16 point signed quantities

If both operands are maximum negative quantities,  $1 \longrightarrow V$  and operation will not take place. Otherwise N, Z set on result condition.

If destination is a register, the product will be stored in that register and the next register.

(CAUTION: MUL A, %R5 will alter LP)

If both divisor and dividend are maximum negative quantities or if divisor is smaller than upper half of dividend  $l \longrightarrow V$  otherwise  $l \longrightarrow N$  if quotient negative  $l \longrightarrow Z$  if quotient zero.

Register destination note same as in MUL

## ROTATE/SHIFT GROUP

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		A COMMENT OF THE PERSON OF THE	AND SERVICE AND		x	REG		S		COUNT		
	15			12	11	10	8	7	6		0	

ві				
В ОР			OPERATION	MNEMONIC
15	7	6		
0	0	0	Rotate with carry (word)	ROT
1	0	0	Rotate with carry (byte) In rotates, V gets comple- mented for every l shifted thru carry.	ROTB
0	0	1	Logical Shift (word)	LSH
1	0	1	Logical Shift (double word)	LSHD
0	1	0	Arithmetic Shift (word)	ASH
1	1	0	Arithmetic Shift (double word)	ASHD
0	1	1	Normalize (word)	NOR
1	1	1	Normalize (double word)	NORD

The second word determines direction and count for multiple Rotate/Shifts. The sign of the Count is the direction (+ = right, - = left). This is a Two's Complement 8 bit quantity.

ROT, ROTB, LSH, LSHD, ASH, ASHD:

If the X bit in the second word is set, the count is indexed by the contents of the register specified in the REG field.

NOR, NORD

The count and X bits are ignored if the instruction is normalize. The REG field determines where the normalize count is left after the operation. Previous contents of REG are destroyed.

## Comments:

- ROTB used to generate parity of byte data
- 2. Double word operations use the destination location and destination location +2.
- 3. Max effective count is 32. The effective count if indexed, after indexing) is determined by the least significant 5 bits.